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Replaced revision:14 (Dated: 14/06/2022)

UNDERBODY SPRAY

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

25251 Code:

UNDERBODY (AEROSOL) Product name QWG0-K0W1-U00X-19XH UFI:

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

UNDERBODY COATING (AEROSOL) Intended use

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GELSON SRL Via Varese 11/13 Full address 20045 Lainate (MI) District and Country

Italia

Tel. +39 02 9370640 Fax +39 02 93570880

e-mail address of the competent person

info@gelson.it responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

Australian distributor Oz-Gel

236 Maddington Road Maddington 6109 Western Australia

enquiries@ozgel.com.au

Australian distributor phone number 0418 913 426 (General Information)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

POISONS INFORMATION CENTRE For urgent inquiries refer to

Australia Tel. 13 11 26

New Zealand Tel. 0800 764 766

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture





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The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

	Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.			
	, , . . ,	H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.			
	Reproductive toxicity, category 2	H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.			
	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.			
	Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.			
	Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.			
	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3		H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:







Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

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UNDERBODY SPRAY

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

Contains: TOLUENE

ETHYL ACETATE

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Special finishes.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition : 522,64
Limit value: 840,00

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Dimethyl ether

INDEX 603-019-00-8 35 ≤ x < 37,5 Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas H280, Classification note according to Annex

VI to the CLP Regulation: U

EC 204-065-8 CAS 115-10-6 **TOLUENE**

INDEX 601-021-00-3 $21 \le x < 22,5$

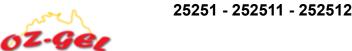
Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361d, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin

Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 203-625-9 CAS 108-88-3

REACH Reg. 01-2119471310-51

ETHYL ACETATE



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INDEX 607-022-00-5

 $7 \le x < 8$

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 205-500-4 CAS 141-78-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119475103-46

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl (hydrogenated

tallow alkyl) dimethyl, chlorides

INDEX -

 $0.3 \le x < 0.35$

Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1 H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1

H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

LD50 Oral: 398 mg/kg

EC 263-081-3 CAS 61789-72-8

REACH Reg. 01-2119970169-28

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

 $0.05 \le x < 0.1$ INDEX 601-022-00-9

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP

Regulation: C

STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l

EC 215-535-7 CAS 1330-20-7

REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32

ETHYLBENZENE

 $0.05 \le x < 0.1$ INDEX 601-023-00-4

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373,

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

STA Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l

EC 202-849-4

CAS 100-41-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119489370-35

QUARTZ

 $0 \le x < 0.05$ **STOT RE 2 H373** INDEX -

EC 238-878-4 CAS 14808-60-7

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants.

Percentage of propellants: 36,20 %

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

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INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up



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Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NOR	Norge	Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdier og grenseverdier for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i arbeidsmiljøet samt smitterisikogrupper for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og grenseverdier), 21. august 2018 nr. 1255
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021





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Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observation		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
AGW	DEU	190	50	760	200	SKIN		
MAK	DEU	190	50	760	200	SKIN		
/LA	ESP	192	50	384	100	SKIN		
/LEP	FRA	76,8	20	384	100	SKIN		
/LEP	ITA	192	50			SKIN		
·LV	NOR	94	25			SKIN		
	NLD	150		384				
/LE	PRT	192	50	384	100	SKIN		
VEL	GBR	191	50	384	100	SKIN		
DEL	EU	192	50	384	100	SKIN		
LV-ACGIH			20					
Predicted no-effect concentration	- PNEC							
lormal value in fresh water				0,68	mg	/I		
lormal value in marine water				0,68	mg	/I		
lormal value for fresh water sedi	ment			16,39	mg	/kg		
lormal value for marine water se	diment			16,39	mg	/kg		
lormal value for water, intermitte	nt release			0,68	mg	/I		
lormal value of STP microorgani				13,61	mg	/I		
lormal value for the terrestrial co				2,89	mg	/kg		
lealth - Derived no-effect le	•	DMEL						
	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
)ral			VND	8,13 mg/kg/d		-,		-,
nhalation			VND	56,5 mg/m3	VND	192 mg/m3		
Skin			VND	226 mg/kg/d			VND	384 mg/kg/

Threshold Limit Value	e						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
AGW	DEU	730	200	1460	400		
MAK	DEU	750	200	1500	400		
VLA	ESP	734	200	1468	400		

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Ø	UN	IDERBODY	SPRAY			Prin Pag	ed 23/11/2022 ted on 30/05/2023 e n. 8/23 laced revision:14 (Dat	ted: 14/06/2022
						<u> </u>	•	
/LEP	FRA	734	200	1468	400			
/LEP	ITA	734	200	1468	400			
LV	NOR	734	200					
GG	NLD	734		1468				
LE	PRT	734	200	1468	400			
 /EL	GBR	734	200	1468	400			
EL	EU	734	200	1468	400			
LV-ACGIH		1441	400					
redicted no-effect concentrati	on - PNEC							
ormal value in fresh water				246	mg	/I		
ormal value in marine water				0,026	mg	/I		
ormal value for fresh water se	ediment			0,34	mg	/kg		
ormal value of STP microorga	anisms			650	mg	/I		
ormal value for the terrestrial	compartment			0,22	mg	/kg/d		
lealth - Derived no-effec	t level - DNEL / D Effects on consumers	DMEL			Effects on workers			
oute of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
ral			4.5 mg/kg bw/d	Systemic		Systemic		Systemic
halation	734 mg/m3	734 mg/m3	367 mg/m3	367 mg/m3	1468 mg/m3	1468 mg/m3	734 mg/m3	734 mg/m
kin				37 mg/kg/d				63 mg/kg/d
uaternary ammonium c	ompounds, ben	zyl (hydrogenate	d tallow alkyl) d	limethyl, chlo	rides			
ealth - Derived no-effect	t level - DNEL / D Effects on consumers	DMEL			Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic 1,64 mg/kg	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic 3,96 mg/kg
halation				3,4 mg/kg/d				5,/ mg/kg/
halation				3,4 mg/kg/d				5,7 mg/kg/
halation kin YLENE (MIXTURE OF IS	OMERS)			3,4 mg/kg/d				5,7 mg/kg/
halation Xin YLENE (MIXTURE OF IS hreshold Limit Value	Country	TWA/8h		3,4 mg/kg/d STEL/15min		Remarks		5,7 mg/kg/
halation kin YLENE (MIXTURE OF IS hreshold Limit Value		TWA/8h mg/m3	ppm		ppm	Remarks Observa		5,7 mg/kg/
halation KYLENE (MIXTURE OF IS Threshold Limit Value Kype			ppm 100	STEL/15min	ppm 200			5,7 mg/kg/
Route of exposure nhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE OF IS Threshold Limit Value Type AGW MAK	Country	mg/m3		STEL/15min mg/m3		Observa		5,7 mg/kg/

VLEP

VLEP

FRA

ITA

221

221

50

50

442

442

100

100

SKIN

SKIN



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U	IN	U	К	D	U	טי	1	S		М.	H`	ľ

TLV	NOR	108	25			SKIN	
TGG	NLD	210		442		SKIN	
VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH			20				

ETHYLBENZENE							
Threshold Limit Valu	ıe						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
AGW	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN	
VLA	ESP	441	100	884	200	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	88,4	20	442	100	SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
TLV	NOR	20	5			SKIN	
TGG	NLD	215		430		SKIN	
VLE	PRT	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN	
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		87	20				

QUARTZ							
Threshold Limit Valu	ıe						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLA	ESP		0,05			RESP	
VLEP	FRA	0,1				RESP	
VLEP	ITA	0,1				RESP	
TLV	NOR	0,1				RESP	
TGG	NLD	0,075				RESP	
VLE	PRT	0,025				RESP	
OEL	EU	0,1				RESP	
TLV-ACGIH		0,025				RESP	

Legend:



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(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	aerosol	
Colour	black	
Odour	characteristic of solvent	

Melting point / freezing point not applicable
Initial boiling point not applicable
Flammability not available



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1,2 % (v/v) Lower explosive limit 8,5 % (v/v) Upper explosive limit not applicable Flash point not applicable Auto-ignition temperature not available Decomposition temperature not available not available Kinematic viscosity insoluble in water Solubility not available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available Vapour pressure

Density and/or relative density 0,8

Relative vapour density not available
Particle characteristics not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

 VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):
 65,33 % - 522,64 g/litre
 g/litre

 VOC (volatile carbon)
 63,37 % - 506,99 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

TOLUENE

Avoid exposure to: light.

ETHYL ACETATE

Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

10.2. Chemical stability

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The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

TOLUENE

Risk of explosion on contact with: fuming sulphuric acid,nitric acid,silver perchlorate,nitrogen dioxide,non-metal halogenates,acetic acid,organic nitrocompounds.May form explosive mixtures with: air.May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents,strong acids,sulphur.

ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals,hydrides,oleum.May react violently with: fluorine,strong oxidising agents,chlorosulphuric acid,potassium tert-butoxide.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.Reacts violently with: strong oxidants,strong acids,nitric acid,perchlorates.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants.Attacks various types of plastic materials.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

ETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids,bases,strong oxidants,aluminium,nitrates,chlorosulphuric acid.Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

ETHYLBENZENE

May develop: methane, styrene, hydrogen, ethane.



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

TOLUENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

ETHYLBENZENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

TOLUENE

Toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system with encephalopathy and polyneuritis; irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

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ETHYLBENZENE

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispesl). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

Interactive effects

TOLUENE

Certain drugs and other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of the toluene.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Not classified (no significant component)

Not classified (no significant component)

Dimethyl ether

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): 380,5 mg/l/4h rat

TOLUENE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 12124 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 5580 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 28,1 mg/l/4h Rat

ETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal): 20000 mg/kg LD50 (Oral): 4934 mg/kg

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl (hydrogenated tallow alkyl) dimethyl, chlorides

LD50 (Dermal): 3143 mg/kg LD50 (Oral): 398 mg/kg

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XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

4350 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Dermal):

1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP STA (Dermal):

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

3523 mg/kg Rat

29 mg/l/4h Rat

ETHYLBENZENE

LD50 (Oral):

15354 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Dermal): 3500 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): 17,2 mg/l/4h Rat

LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

oz-Ger

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TOLUENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 1999). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

ETHYLBENZENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000). Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging the unborn child

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Excluded because the aerosol does not allow the accumulation of a significant amount of product in the mouth

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

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12.1. Toxicity

Dimethyl ether

LC50 - for Fish > 4000 mg/l/96h Fish (poecilia reticulata)
EC50 - for Crustacea > 4000 mg/l/48h Crustacea (Daphnia magna)

TOLUENE

 LC50 - for Fish
 5,5 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 3,78 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 134 mg/l/72h

 Chronic NOEC for Crustacea
 0,74 mg/l

ETHYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish

EC50 - for Crustacea

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

230 mg/l/96h
560 mg/l/48h
2500 mg/l/72h
24 mg/l

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl (hydrogenated tallow alkyl) dimethyl,

chlorides

 LC50 - for Fish
 0,1 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 0,059 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 0,11 mg/l/72h

 Chronic NOEC for Crustacea
 0,025 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

TOLUENE

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ETHYLBENZENE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12



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25,9

BCF

TOLUENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,73 BCF 90

ETHYLBENZENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,6

ETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,68 BCF 30

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl

(hydrogenated tallow alkyl) dimethyl,

chlorides

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,75
BCF 6,898

12.4. Mobility in soil

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2,73

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.



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Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

1950 ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

AEROSOLS ADR / RID: **AEROSOLS** IMDG:

AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE IATA:

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class: 2 Label: 2.1 ADR / RID:

Label: 2.1 Class: 2 IMDG:

Class: 2 Label: 2.1 IATA:



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

NO ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA:

14.6. Special precautions for user

Limited HIN - Kemler: --Tunnel ADR / RID: restriction Quantities: 1 code: (D)

Special provision: 190, 327, 344, 625

EMS: F-D, S-U Limited IMDG:

oz-Gee

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Quantities: 1

quantity: 150

L

Cargo:

Kg Maximum quantity: 75

Maximum

Special provision: Kg
Special provision: A145, A167,

A802

instructions: 203

Packaging

Packaging

instructions: 203

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

IATA:

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Pass.:

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P3a

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Point 48 TOLUENE REACH Reg.: 01-2119471310-51

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

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Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Special finishes.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Gas 1A Flammable gas, category 1A

Aerosol 1 Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol 3 Aerosol, category 3

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3

Press. Gas Pressurised gas

Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Skin Corr. 1 Skin corrosion, category 1

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2

Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3

Aquatic Acute 1

Aquatic Chronic 1

Aquatic Chronic 3

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

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H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
 CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit

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- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.
Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 15 / 16.